Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL IX.] FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1809. [No. 2590.

New Publications,

received, for sale, by JAMES KENNEDY sen. Bookseller, King-street.

EMOIRS of an American Lady. By Grant.
hn de Lancaster. By Cumberland.
baellino.
wenson's Patriotic Sketches of Ireland.
a of Athens, and Wild Irish Girl. By
haddeus, of Warsaw, and Hungarian Bro-
s. By Miss Porter.
rr's Winter in London. Lovers of Fa-
lee.
wis's Romantic Tales.
e Correspondence of Edward Waller
M. de St. Euremond.
British Quarantine Act.
ylor's Concordance.

ALSO,

lthus on Population. 2 vols.
e Works of Edmund Burke, 4 vols.
—— Dr Samuel Johnson, 6 v.
—— Dr. Witherspoon. 4 vols.
—— Tacitus. By A. Murphy. 4 vols.
—— Dr. Goldsmith, [new ed.] 5 vols.
—— Robert Burns. Calf. Gilt, elegant. 3vols.
—— Judge Wilson. 3 vols.

nestic Encyclopaedia. 5 vols.
ce's Travels to discover the Source of
ile. 6 vols.
me's History of England, with continu-
12 vols.
rge supply of Crehore's best Playing
ool Books and Stationary.
nk Books with *Patent Ruling*—and BINDING.

gust 17. tf

Positively to commence drawing,

ON MONDAY,
The 9th of October next.
INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT.
20,000 Dollars
be gained for the small sum of Three Dollars!
IN THE THIRD CLASS
OF THE
VER LEHIGH LOTTERY.

The Capital Prizes are:

$10,000	3 of	$1000
5,000	6	500
2,500	15	200, &c.

than two and an half blanks to a prize west of which is 5 dollars.
draw 500 numbers each day, at the ouse in Philadelphia, where the prizes paid by Thomas Allibone, Esq the er, 30 days after the conclusion of wing; subject to a deduction of fif- er cent.
is one of the richest lotteries pub- here for many years, and the moder- e of the tickets places the grand pri- hin the reach of every individual who to become an adventurer, which ho o for so small a sum as *seventy-five*
The object, moreover, is such as terest every well wisher to the inter- rovement of the state.

Whole tickets:	$ 5
Half do,	1 60
Quarter do.	75 cents

GEORGE TAYLOR, Jun.
No. 85. south Second-street.
MATTHEW M'CONNELL,
No. 82, Chesnut street.
HOPE & CO. State Lottery Office. No. 63, Chesnut street.
PATRICK BYRNE, corner of 5th and Chesnut streets.
JAMES HUMPHREYS, corner of Walnut and Second street.
earliest information will be given to purchasers of the fate of their tickets.
delphia, July 22—27.

uable Property for Sale.

E subscriber offers for sale the House n Fairfax-street, in Alexandria, now d by Mrs. *S. Nickolls.* The assess this property is worth four thousand ndred dollars, and have, year after ssessed it at this sum; but the er now offers it for sale at the half of ssed value.

He also offers for sale,

vacant Lots on Fairfax and Franklin-
Assessors have said that these Lo th three thousand two hundred d acre, and have assessed them at that it the subscriber will take less than of that sum per acre.
ould gladly sell all his property on ll—his Houses on King-street, near treet—his Houses on the same street, Washington-street—his ground-rents, ther property he has in Alexandria, dit of 6, 12, and 18 months.—Ap- uthbert Powell or

S. Cooke.

burg, March 30. law

Printing in all its variety neatly uted at this office.

Sales at Vendue.

every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
he Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.
Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
articulars of which will be expressed in bills of the day—All kinds of goods ch are on limitation and the prices of ich are established, can at any time be ased and purchased at the lowest limitation prices.

P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

THE INTRIGUES OF *The Queen of Spain* WITH THE Prince of Peace and others.

Written by a Spanish Nobleman and Pa- ot; who alone can be acquainted with the rigues and amors of the above personages
For sale by

Cottom & Stewart.

August 11.

Subscribers

TO SHAKESPEAR'S PLAYS,
Are respectfully informed that their books e ready for delivery at the subscriber's ookstore.

Robert Gray.

August 3. d

FINE PASTURE.

WE will be ready in about ten days to fur- sh butchers and others, Pasturage on our and, for any number of cattle not exceed- g 100.

Philip Alexander,
John Luke.

July 29. d

FRESH FRUIT.

he subscriber has just received and offers for sale,
Malaga Raisins in kegs,
Muscatel and Bloom Raisins n boxes.
ALSO,
36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

April 19.

Joseph Mandeville,

CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,
Has Received,
100 half boxes Rousett's CI- ARS warranted of the very first quality d full contents.
Real Maccouba Snuff,
Rappee do. Coarse and Fine,
10 boxes fresh MUSTARD,
10 Philadelphia CHOCOLATE, 1st nd 2d quality.
HE HAS ALSO,
A General Assortment as usual f good WINES, LIQUORS, and GROCE- IES for sale.

Dec. 2.

TO HIRE,

By the month or year,
A Negro Man, *a sailor.*—He will be hired ow if taken by the year.

Enquire of the Printer.

July 29.

FOR SALE,

50 hogsheads SUGAR,
150 bags COFFEE,
10 hogsheads Antigua RUM,
40 bales best COTTON.

Joseph Riddle.

July 10. d

NOTICE.

IN OBEDIENCE to a decree of the Ho- norable the Circuit Court of the district Columbia, for the county of Alexandria, etween *Lyle, Dalziel,* and others, complain- nts; and *Robert Lyle's* heirs, defts. direct- ng the subscriber to take possession of that portion of the real estate of *Robert Lyle,* the elder, deceased, allotted to the complainant, and rent the same out for the benefit of the oncerned—I will rent the three story Brick tore and Dwelling House lately occupied by aptain Oliver P. Findlay, on Fairfax-street, n immediate possession may be had.

G. Deneale, Comr.

August 19.

TO RENT,

A convenient and well finished BRICK HOUSE, at the head of King-street and near to good water. Apply to

James Sanderson.

August 30. d

A valuable *Blacksmith* and his Wife for Sale.

FOR SALE, a valuable BLACKSMITH, who is also a pretty good *Carpenter,* with his WIFE.

Enquire of the Printer.

August 31. dtf

PUBLIC SALE.

The sale at the Washington Bridge has been postponed on account of the weather, until FRIDAY the 8th. On which day, f fair, if not, the next fair day, will be sold, Scow, Boats, Sheds, Tools, Blankets, &c.
Terms of sale, cash for all sums under 20 dollars, and notes with good endorsers at 60 days for all sums over this amount.
By order of the President and Directors,

Samuel Elliot.
N. L. & H. M. QUEEN,
Auctioneers.

September 5.

Marshal's Sale.

WILL be offered for sale, to the highest bidder, on MONDAY the 18th day of September next, in the court-house square, at 8 o'clock, in the morning, by virtue of an order of the honorable the circuit court of the district of Columbia for the county of Alexandria, all the right and interest of *John Gooding,* in and to a certain Negro Man Slave, who has been suffered to go at large and hire himself out contrary to law.

R. Moss, D. M.

August 26—28

JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his former customers and friends, that he has
Recommenced the Grocery Business,
At his Store on King near Washington-street.
WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,
A well chosen assortment of goods, in that line,
Warranted genuine, particularly his
TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,
Which are of a superior quality—He will dispose of each and every article on the most moderate terms.

May 2. dtf.

TO LEASE,

On a low ground rent for ever, and on very advantageous terms,
A VALUABLE half acre Lot of Ground, situated on Washington and Duke streets, with a fine corner Lot. There is on the said property three frame buildings, one has been used as a pot house, but could be easily altered into any thing else, as it is a large and strong building—the others are dwelling houses—They will be leased with the ground which will be rented as it is, or laid out in lots to suit the purchaser:
Enquire of

M'Knight and Stewart.

August 31

Coppersmith & Tin-Plate-Worker.

THE subscriber continues to make and repair all kinds of COPPER & TIN WARE, and also carries on the BRASS-FOUNDERS' BUSINESS under the direction of *William Fletcher,* and will execute any work in that line.
FOR SALE,
15 boxes 10 by 12, and 15 do. 8 by 10 Bohemia Window Glass, of a good quality.
TO LET,
The House on Fairfax-street, occupied by myself, which is made to accommodate one or two families—I will give a lease on moderate terms. Also, the Brick House on the corner of Prince and Royal-streets, and one Blacksmith's Shop with a set of Tools.
For Sale or to Let on a Ground Rent for ever,
63 feet of Ground, fronting on King-street and running back 100 feet to a 10 feet alley, it is situate nearly opposite the diagonal pump in a good part of the town.
The highest price will be given for old Copper, Pewter, Brass and Lead.

George M'Munn.

Who has for hire a handsome light *Coachee* with a careful driver.

August 30. 3m

PRIME NEW YORK *PORK,*

FOR SALE BY
Trueman Brashears.

August 26.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,
One elegant London made Patent PIANO FORTE, with additional Keys to C and Pedal.
One plain do. with additional Keys and Pedal.
ON HAND,
One plain home-made do. a little used.

August 9.

FOR SALE,

Or to be rented for a term of years, or on perpetual ground rent,
A number of well built brick houses, several of which are immediately tenantable, situate on Greenleaf's Point.
ALSO,
House Lots in almost every part of the city.
Apply to

James Greenleaf,

Or, in his absence, to

Samuel Elliot, jun.

Washington City, July 6—12. d8w

MOLASSES.

20 hogsheads RETAILING MOLASSES, for sale by

Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of King and Fairfax streets.

June 10.

John G. Ladd,

Has just received and offers for sale,
30 chests Imperial and Young Hyson Teas, of the ship Arthur's cargo imported in June last.
ALSO,
2 pipes & half pipes choice old Port Wine.
10 boxes ladies' Morocco Shoes.
200 casks fresh Stone Lime.

August 22.

Just Received, and now offered for sale,

A few Pots W. India Sweetmeats, viz.

Orange Peal,
Mamey Apple,
Pine Apple,
Ginger,
} IN POTS.

Guava Jelly in pots and boxes,
Tamarinds.
Excellent Lemons in boxes.
Limes, and Oranges.
Smoaked and pickled Salmon.
Sounds and Tongues.
Pickling Vinegar, and Groceries as usual.

Thos. Patten.

August 22.

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,
Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,
A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,
Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 13.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the western country, will sell the FARM on which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles from Alexandria, 9 from George Town ferry, and about the same from the Potomac bridge crossing to the city of Washington—in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, containing about 470 acres, on which is a convenient dwelling house, large enough for a genteel family, together with all the outhouses suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of apple trees of selected fruit, together with different other fruit trees, a proportion of improved meadow for the scythe, and a large portion more may easily be made. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by application to Mr. JOHN DULIN, adjoining the said farm, or the subscriber on the premises.

E. Dulin.

June 2. dtf

For Freight or Charter,
The Schooner
INDEPENDENCE,
Burden 110 tons, or about 900 barrels, will proceed to any eastern port or St. Bartholomews. Apply to

John G. Ladd.

August 29.

FOR SALE,
The Schooner
FREIGHTER,
Burthen about 650 barrels, 2 years old is an excellent substantial vessel—will be sold on liberal terms.
Apply to

Lawrason & Fowle.

Who have received by said schooner,
50,000 feet Northern Lumber
200 reams Writing Paper,
100 do. Wraping do.
IN STORE,
60 quarter casks Catalonia Wine, of a superior quality, entitled to debenture
30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee
30,000 do. Red Soal Leather
120 bolts Russia and Ravens Duck
1 case German Checks
1 do. Dimities and Calicoes
2 bales Negro Cottons
Cases men and womens' Shoes
40 kegs Red Lead
40 barrels No. 1 Pork
Mould Candles
100 boxes No. 1 and 3 Chocolate
ALSO FOR SALE,
The fast sailing sloop
Maria Antionette,
Carries about 500 barrels, built in New-York of locust and cedar, is a very strong vessel and can be sent to sea at a trifling expence.

Apply as above.

September 2. e05t

Baltimore College Lottery.

The price of tickets in the above Lottery will on Monday next be raised to $11 and on the first of October to $11 50.
The drawing commences the first Monday in November.
Present price of tickets $10 50.
For sale by

R. GRAY.

Sept. 7.

New Publications,

Just received, for sale, by JAMES KENNEDY sen. Bookseller, King-street.

Caledonian Sketches, by sir John Carr.
Mrs. Grant's memoirs of an American Lady.
——————Letters from the Mountains.
Dean's Analytical Guide to Penmanship.
Thaddeus of Warsaw.
Harriott's Struggles.
Owenson's Patriotic Sketches of Ireland.
Exiles of Siberia.
And the last edition of that much admired work,
Conversations on Chemistry.
With additions on the arts of dyeing—tanning and currying.
ALSO,
Some of the best School Books and Stationary, particularly, the finest quality of Letter paper, best Wrapping paper and quills.

Sept. 6.

Public Sale.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 13th instant, at eleven o'clock, in the morning, will be sold, at the late dwelling of *Charles Wadsworth,* deceased, on the lower end of Water street—
All the Personal Estate of the said deceased, consisting of a variety of valuable and elegant Household and Kitchen Furniture. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

James Patton, Excr.
P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

September 6. dts

Ten Dollars *Reward.*

FOR apprehending and delivering to me, Negro MOLL, who eloped on the 30th August—she is quite black, about forty five years of age and above the middle stature.

Bush, Washington.

September 2. 6t

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8.

Observations on the influence of Soil and Climate upon WOOL; *from which is deduced a certain and easy method of improving the quality of English Clothing Wools, and preserving the health of Sheep; with hints for the management of Sheep after shearing: an enquiry into the structure, growth, and formation of wool and hair; and remarks on the means by which the Spanish breed of Sheep may be made to preserve the best qualities of its fleece unchanged in different climates.*

By ROBERT BAKEWELL.

With occasional Notes and Remarks, by the RIGHT HON. LORD SOMERVILLE.

[CONCLUDED.]

Such I apprehend to be the process of nature, and that this entire cessation of the accustomed secretions occasions the disease which we call the moult. This is probably a species of fever. The bird loses its cheerfulness and relish for food, and is seized with sudden shiverings. The disease continues until the old feathers fall off, when the secretions are again renewed, by which the bird is restored to health and acquires a renovated plumage.

Hair is as fully and perfectly formed after it leaves the skin as the extremity of the feather in its most mature state; it appears to grow merely by the addition of new hair at the bottom, which protrudes it forward. On the contrary, feathers, and all bodies which grow and increase from interior circulation, not only grow from the upper part, but continue to enlarge in every dimension until they are full grown. The difference between the growth from the top and sides of the feather, and the elongation by mere juxta position at the bottom of the hair, appears to me clearly to indicate the different modes of their formation. It may tend to confirm the opinion I have advanced respecting the structure of hair and wool, that hair is frequently observed to split at its points into different fibres; a division has also sometimes been seen in the hair of wool. This seems to prove that they are formed by a number of distinct long filaments uniting in one thread or hair as I have described. It is not, however, on hypothetical reasoning that I rest the proof of this opinion. I have ascertained its truth in some instances, by an examination of the hair of different animals, both with the single and compound microscope. In large hairs I have discerned a number of divisions from the root to the point. In one hair I distinctly perceived fifteen of these divisions or fibres laying parallel to each other, and in some of the fibres a further subdivision was distinguishable. Probably these subdivisions were each composed of others still smaller, which the limited power of our instruments may prevent us from discovering. If such be the structure of the hair of some animals, it is at least probable the hair of all others may have a similar confirmation; although the fibres of which they are composed may be too minute, or adhere too firmly together, to admit us to seperate or distinguish them. It were almost needless to add, that wool, whatever may be its peculiar qualities, is still the hair of sheep, and must be formed by a process of the animal economy similar to what produces the hair of all other quadrupeds. I might offer as a farther confirmation of what has been here advanced, that it may be fairly inferred that wool and hair remaining long after they are seperated from the skin without any perceptible change, that they have not been deprived of any secretions from the circulating fluids by this seperation.

Whether wool be composed of tubes and vessels receiving increase by constant circulation and secretion of fluids from the animal, or whether, like the silk-worm's web, it be a solid unorganized thread, composed of finer filaments, may appear a question more curious than important. But if the latter opinion be well founded, which both deductions from analogy and the minutest microscopical researches render probable, it will lead to consequences of considerable practicable utility, and teach us to bestow more care and attention on the unshorn fleece. Nature, when she produces wool, provides for it, and covers it with an oily secretion, or yolk, and thus intimates that she has confided its future defence and preservation to external applications. When, from accidental circumstances of situation, this yolk is absorbed, or its copious secretion is prevented, she has given us the power of supplying the deficiency, of assisting her intentions, and improving her operations, by the application of ointments better suited to assist the effects of soil and climate. Thus by attending to the intimations of nature, man is enabled in Northern latitudes to cultivate and bring to perfection, both the animal and vegetable productions of Southern and more favoured regions.

From the New York Evening Post.

THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

No. III.

Before the reader begins with the *Extracts* I think it not amiss to make a few observations respecting the nature of the evidence to be expected.

Let it be borne in mind then, that the fact now to be proved, is, that money to the amount of more than 30,000 dollars was paid to the commander in chief of the army of the United States, by the Spanish government; that this large sum was necessarily paid in silver, there being at that time no paper money in circulation in that part of the world; that it was transported in bulk more than a thousand miles, partly by land and partly by water; that, as it would have been at least very hazardous, if not impracticable, for the commander to have left his post, and gone down every year to New-Orleans to receive the money in person, it consequently became absolutely necessary to confide his secret and entrust his business to agents; that even to these agents, however, he would be cautious of committing himself any further than was indispensable, and of course that explicit written documents were hardly to be expected in the case. The nature of the crime, the manner of carrying it on, and the heavy and condign punishment attending detection, all would seem to forbid us to look for any thing more than evidence indeed of the fact of his actually receiving the money and the source from whence it came, but it was scarcely to be hoped that we should be furnished with even that: By the confessions of those employed both by himself and the Spaniards, explained and confirmed by some of his private confidential letters, and oral confessions, the whole finally corroborated by his own self-condemning defence, the reader is not permitted to entertain one single doubt on the subject.

"*Proofs of the corruption of gen. James Wilkinson, and of his connection with Aaron Burr,*" &c.

"Hitherto my proofs have been presumptive, and such only as might be expected from the secret nature of the crime. I come now to tread on surer ground, and will clearly prove the payment of five different sums of money to gen. Wilkinson by the Spanish government, amounting to 34,563 dollars. I will prove negatively, that no part of this was on account of the tobacco or any other commercial speculation, [as he had alledged in his defence] and then affirmatively, that they were the wages of his *treason*.

In 1789, he visited New-Orleans a second time, and returned by land, carrying with him a sum of about 6000 dollars in silver, loaded on two mules, and accompanied by Mr. Philip Nolan, and preceded, I believe, as far as Natchez, by Mr. Joseph Ballinger, both of them his *confidential agents*, as will appear by a number of documents referred to in the course of this enquiry. Before their arrival in the American settlements, the general thought it prudent no longer to accompany his treasure. It was therefore confided to Ballinger, who carried it to his own house, while the general and his faithful Nolan rode on to Frankfort. Joseph Ballinger having fallen sick was obliged to transfer his trust to his brother John, who after some days of anxious expectation on the part of the general, arrived at Frankfort, delivered the money to Wilkinson and took his receipt, which is still in existence, and will probably be printed in an appendix to this work.—The arrival of Joseph Ballinger at his own house with the money, and the subsequent delivery of it to Wilkinson, are proved by the testimony of John Ballinger, (Note No. 5.) His being accompanied by Nolan is added, and the other circumstances corroborated by the letter of Evan Jones, (No. 6.)*

* *This and the subsequent figures refer to corresponding figures in the appendix. I think Mr. Clark unfortunate in having thrown all his evidence into an appendix instead of embodying it with the argument: it is too volumnious to be reprinted here, but I venture to inform my readers that I have carefully examined it, and found it to support completely every fact for which it is adduced.*

Ed. E. P.

From 1789 to 1794, if any remittances were made they have eluded detection.—But in that year we have the clearest evidence that a sum of 6000 dollars was sent to be delivered to him, and though it was lost on the route, yet from a complaint in one of his letters we should judge that the shipment was on his account and risk.

Finding the means of transmitting the money difficult, or the agents unfaithful, or the suspicions of Wayne awakened, or from some other cause, the general found it necessary to dispatch a special messenger to receive the subsidy. He pitched upon Mr. Owens, a gentleman who had been driven by disappointment from society, and who was pursued by poverty in his retreat. His wants induced him to undertake the mission, and from his character Wilkinson knew that he might rely on his fidelity. He deserved a better employment and a better fate: for having received the sum of 6000 dollars he was sent up the river in a public galley to the mouth of the Ohio, he there embarked in a perogue with six Spanish sailors, furnished by the commandant of the galley to go up the Ohio, and was in a few days afterwards robbed and murdered by his crew. The whole of this transaction is circumstantially related by Mons. Francois Langlois, now an inhabitant of this territory, then the commander of the galley in which Owens was conveyed (No. 7.) To corroborate his testimony are added extracts of two letters from the baron de Carondelet to Mr. Langlois relative to this transaction and to the capture of the murderers. One or two of them were tried for this crime, and the trial gave publicity to the object of Owen's voyage, which, by the affidavit of Mr. Bouligny (a planter of this province formerly adjutant major of the Louisiana regiment, now a member of the territorial legislature) appears to have been very publicly known, and the general's character duly appreciated. (See No. 8.)

Grieved for the loss of his money, and alarmed lest the trial of the murderers in the United States should lead to disagreeable investigations, general Wilkinson determined to use every exertion to apprehend and deliver them to the Spanish government. One named Vexerano was taken, tried and condemned at New-Orleans. Another escaped, but was afterwards taken near the same place, and underwent the same fate. One who had not participated in the crime, immediately after it was committed, left his companions and fled to New Madrid. The other three after wandering some time in Kentucky, were taken & confined, but were enlisted by lieut. Smith, and as there was no evidence against them, they were suffered to join the army; but general Wayne hearing their history, ordered them to be discharged and reprimanded the officer for enlisting them; after this, Wilkinson by means which are not known procured them to be transferred to Fort Washington, where he engaged Mr. Cs. Smith, of Kentucky, to convey them to New Madrid. They were chained and put on board a boat for that purpose, but on his way down Smith attempted to pass Fort Massac at night, but was stopped by major Doyle, who commanded there, and who not knowing by what authority Wilkinson sent men in irons to a Spanish commandant, refused to let them proceed—but sent an officer with Smith to major Portal, at New Madrid, requesting to be furnished with an interpreter to examine the prisoners, and to furnish such proofs as might be necessary to convict them on their trial in the American territory. Smith bore an order, from Wilkinson on the commandant for 500 dollars, for the conveyance of the prisoners. This however was protested, but Mr. Power was sent as an interpreter to examine them. It not being the interest of the Spanish government that the affair should be investigated, no proof was sent on, and the men after some months confinement, were discharged for want of evidence. Most of the facts subsequent to the murder of Owens, are of public notoriety, the whole is detailed circumstantially in the affidavit of Mr. Powers (No. 9.) and the names of the persons having an agency in the business being mentioned, reference may be had to them in case the charge is more seriously investigated.

In the same year to divide the risk another remittance was made by sea amounting to 6334 dollars, and entrusted to Mr. Jos. Collins, another of the general's confidential agents. On this point it must be confessed that the proof is not such as would be received in a court of justice, but it carries with it internal evidence of its truth, and may be rendered certain whenever government are seriously disposed to ascertain the truth of those charges.

Mr. Collins lives at Pascagoula in the Spanish territory. He was applied to for an affidavit stating his agency in the business, but refused through fear of offending the officers of his government, to whom at the request of Wilkinson he had already given a declaration under oath of the whole transaction. Though taken evidently for the purpose of favoring Wilkinson, this declaration would throw light on the subject, but it will never appear; for Collins has declared that, as far as it went it contains the truth. The gentleman who called on Collins obtained from him verbally a statement of the following facts—That he was sent by Wilkinson in the year 1794, with Owens to New Orleans, with a sealed packet for governor Carondelet. That in consequence of the orders contained in this letter 6000 dollars were delivered to Owens, and 6333 to him (Collins) with which he embarked at the Bayou St. John's, went to Charleston, and in August, 1795, delivered his charge to general Wilkinson at Cincinnati on the Ohio. He asked for a receipt. This was refused; but he (Wilkinson) called on Mr. John Brown, of Kentucky, who happened to be there, to witness that he had settled his accounts with Collins, and that he owed him nothing. These facts are stated in a letter from general Adair to me, (No. 10.) and the evidence is corroborated by a copy of the receipt which Collins gave for the money, to the *contedor* of the Spanish territory, in these words: "Received from Gilbert Leonard, 6333 dollars, for the use of general James Wilkinson, which I promise to deliver to him, the risk of the sea, &c. excepted." It may be objected that this is only heresay testimony. It is true, but it may be rendered authentic whenever general Wilkinson shall please to publish the affidavit taken at his request before governor Folch, or whenever our government takes measures to compel the attendance of witnesses. In the mean time, it is corroborated by the fact that Collins was the known agent of Wilkinson; by the positive testimony which has been already detailed in that part of the story which relates to the division of the sum between him and Owens; and by the following statements: First, the deposition of Mr. Miller, a very respectable and intelligent planter on the Red river, who in his deposition (No. 11) states that he saw Collins at the time of his embarkation from New Orleans, who had then just returned from Ohio; that he *saw the money put on board* that Collins mentioned the sum and told him it was for Wilkinson, and that by a very extraordinary favor of government it was suffered to be embarked openly. Secondly, by the certificate of captain Sterrett, late of the U. S. army, who states that Collins gave him, at another period, the most minute details of the difficulties he had to encounter in the transportation of this sum. (See No. 12.) Here is then positive testimony of the delivery of this sum to an agent of gen. Wilkinson, and the strongest circumstantial presumptive evidence of its being for his use.

The evidence on which the next payment rests, would, I confess, be weak in any other case. It is that of the general himself. In a letter dated August 7, 1795, to gen. Adair, (No. 13.) he says, "of 6950 *dolls.* received for me in New Orleans, 1740 only have reached my hand, this *independent of poor Owen's loss.* The whole of this last sum is not lost, but is not within my control, and will not be for 4 or 6 months."

Here then is a fourth payment from New Orleans confessed, which does not agree in amount or circumstance with either of the others. The first sum it will be remembered, was carried up by himself six years before: the second is confided to Owens, and is expressly excepted; the third was given to Collins, was a different amount, and came safely to his hands. This, then, was a 4th and an additional payment; but how came the general so communicative? The former part of the letter gives the reason. He had just risen from "*cool Madeira,*"* and the truth which is in wine had for once corrected the habitual falsity of his language."

* *His letter of August 7th, 95 in the Appendix.*

EDITOR.

(To be continued.)

*** I wish to take a YOUNG MAN that can come well recommended, to learn the *Druggist* business.

William Harper, jun.

September 6. dtf

FOR RENT,

THE DWELLING HOUSE of the late Colonel Hooe, on Water-street.—It is spacious and convenient, and has all necessary outhouses, with a very excellent garden attached to it.

J. H. Hooe,
John Muncaster,
Executors.

March 25

FOREI

(VIA NORFOL

SUPPLEME
TO THE LONDON G
TUESDAY, JULY

n account of the Battle foug
on the Marchfield, on the
May, 1809, between the
of Austria, generalissimo
strian armies, and th
mmander in chief o
ed armies.

[CONTINUED.

he 1st Column consisted o
2d — —
3d — —
4th — —
5th — —
he corps of cavalry,
he corps of grenadiers,

Total
hich amounted to 75,000
Of artillery, there were
igade, 13 of position, an
llery; in the aggregate 2
erent calibres.

The enemy had availed
well of the advantage o
over his passage. The e
f Essling and Aspern, mo
rick houses, and encircl
caps of earth, resembled
ween which a double line
s, intended to draw off th
s the curtain, & afforded
he colums passing from th
Essling had a granary furn
oles, and whose three
oom for several hundred
pern was provided with a
yard. The left side of
orders on an arm of the
illages had a safe commun
ushy ground near the Dan
he enemy had it constantly
lispatch, unseen, fresh rein
sle of Lobau served at on
rms and a tete de-pont, a
he bridge, in the rear acro
of the river.

The enemy with the divi
Molitor, Boudet, Nanson
agne, Lasalle and Ferr
marshals Massena and La
marshal Bessieres, togethe
of the Wurtemberg, Hesse
Baden auxiliaries, had al
ition, and was directing h
Hirahstetten, when the fi
anced guards met him.

If it be at all permitte
dulge favorable presentim
ainly excusable so to do
ment, when on the 21st of
welve o'clock, the colum
themselves in motion for th
neral enthusiasm had taken
troops—joyful war songs,
Turkish music, resounded
and were interrupted by s
ve our emperor! long l
Charles!" whenever the i
peared, who had placed hi
of the second column. E
ed with anxious desire and
after the decisive momen
weather favored the awful

(To be contin

BOSTON, *Se*

F

Since our last, we have b
Valencia papers to June
the following articles are t

VALEN

The Junta of Observat
of Molina in Arragon, h
to our Superior Provinci
date of the 27th current,
formation the following:

"Our battalion with tw
few cavalry, set off for t
Madrid, to obstruct excur
my's soldiers from Guadal
the purpose of plundering
vicinity. This his movement
already produced the most
The people of the territo
and province of Guadal
been degraded by the tyran
of the French, have risen,
dience to the orders of the
or; his written orders ha
burnt in the market at Sigu
erier. A portion of our
men have proceeded to Ric
eady taken 52 carriages l
proceeding to France. O

government, to whom at the
Wilkinson he had already given
under oath of the whole trans-
ough taken evidently for the
avoring Wilkinson, this declara-
throw light on the subject, but
appear; for Collins has declar-
ar as it went it contains the truth.
nan who called on Collins, de-
him verbally a statement of the
cts—That he was sent by Wil-
e year 1794, with Owens to N.
th a sealed packet for governor
That in consequence of the
ined in this letter 6000 dollars
ed to Owens, and 6333 to him,
th which he embarked at the
ohn's, went to Charleston, and
1795, delivered his charge to
kinson at Cincinnati on the O.
sked for a receipt. This was
t he (Wilkinson) called on Mr.
, of Kentucky, who happened
o witness that he had settled
with Collins, and that he owed
These facts are stated in
eneral Adair to me, (No. 10)
ence is corroborated by a cop
t which Collins gave to th
e *contedor* of the Spanish territ
words: "Received from Gil
d, 6333 dollars, for the use of
s Wilkinson, which I promise
o him, the risk of the sea,
d." It may be objected that
heresay testimony. It is to
be rendered authentic when
Wilkinson shall please to
affidavit taken at his re-
governor Folch, or whenever
ment takes measures to com-
ndance of witnesses. In the
t is corroborated by the fact
was the known agent of Wil-
the positive testimony which
ady detailed in that part of the
relates to the division of the
him and Owens; and by the
tements: First, the deposition
er, a very respectable and intel
r on the Red river, who in h
No. 11) states that he saw Co
me of his embarkation from N
o had then just returned fro
e *saw the money put on board*
nentioned the sum and told hi
Wilkinson, and that by a very
favor of government it was
embarked openly. Secondly,
cate of captain Sterrett, late of
ny, who states that Collins gave
her period, the most minute
difficulties he had to encoun
nsportation of this sum. (Se
re is then positive testimony
y of this sum to an agent o
on, and the strongest circum-
mptive evidence of its being

ce on which the next payment
I confess, be weak in any o
is that of the general himself
ted August 7, 1795, to gen
13,) he says, "of 6950 *dolls.*
he in New Orleans, 1740 ou-
d my hand, this *independent*
s loss. The whole of this last
t, but is not within my con-
not be for 4 or 6 months."
is a fourth payment from New
ssed, which does not agree in
cumstance with either of the
first sum it will be remember-
d up by himself six years be-
ond is confided to Owens, and
ccepted; the third was given
s a different amount, and came
ands. This, then, was a 4th
nal payment; but how came
communicative? The former
er gives the reason. He had
n "*cool Madeira,*"* and the
in wine had for once correct
falsity of his language."

of August 7th, 95 in the A.

EDITOR.

To be continued.)

ish to take a YOUNG
come well recommended, to
gist business.
William Harper, jun.
dtf

OR RENT,
ELLING HOUSE of the late
on Water-street.—It is spa-
renient, and has all necessary
th a very excellent garden at-
J. H. Hooe,
John Muncaster.
Executors.

FOREIGN.

(VIA NORFOLK.)

SUPPLEMENT TO THE LONDON GAZETTE, TUESDAY, JULY 11.

An account of the Battle fought near Aspern, on the Marchfield, on the 21st and 22d of May, 1809, between the archduke Charles of Austria, generalissimo of the Imperial Austrian armies, and the emperor Napoleon, commander in chief of the French and allied armies.

[CONTINUED.]

The 1st Column consisted of 19 Bat. 22 Squ
2d — — 20 16
3d — — 22 8
4th — — 13 8
5th — — 13 16
The corps of cavalry, — 78
The corps of grenadiers, 16

Total 113 bat. 148 squ

which amounted to 75,000 effective troops.

Of artillery, there were 18 batteries of brigade, 13 of position, and 11 of horse artillery; in the aggregate 288 pieces of different calibres.

The enemy had availed himself extremely well of the advantage of the ground to cover his passage. The extensive villages of Essling and Aspern, mostly composed of brick houses, and encircled all round by heaps of earth, resembled two bastions, between which a double line of natural trenches, intended to draw off the water, served as the curtain, & afforded every security to the colums passing from the Isle of Lobau. Essling had a granary furnished with loopholes, and whose three stories afforded room for several hundred men, while Aspern was provided with a strong churchyard. The left side of the latter village borders on an arm of the Danube. Both villages had a safe communication with the bushy ground near the Danube, from which the enemy had it constantly in his power to dispatch, unseen, fresh reinforcements. The isle of Lobau served at once as a place of arms and a tete de-pont, a bridge-head for the bridge, in the rear across the main arm of the river.

The enemy with the divisions of generals Molitor, Boudet, Nansouty, Legrand, Espagne, Lasalle and Ferrand, under the marshals Massena and Lasnes, as well as marshal Bessieres, together with the guards of the Wurtemberg, Hesse, Darmstadt and Baden auxiliaries, had already left this position, and was directing his march towards Hirahstetten, when the first Austrian advanced guards met him.

If it be at all permitted in war, to indulge favorable presentiments, it was certainly excusable so to do at that great moment, when on the 21st of May, exactly at twelve o'clock, the columns began to put themselves in motion for the attack—A general enthusiasm had taken possession of the troops—joyful war songs, accompanied by Turkish music, resounded through the air, and were interrupted by shouts of "Long live our emperor! long live the archduke Charles!" whenever the imperial guard appeared, who had placed himself at the head of the second column. Every breast panted with anxious desire and high confidence after the decisive moment, and the finest weather favored the awful scene.

(To be continued.)

BOSTON, *Sept.* 2.

From Spain.

Since our last, we have been favored with Valencia papers to June 30; from which the following articles are translated:

VALENCIA, *June* 30.

The Junta of Observation and Defence of Molina in Arragon, has communicated to our Superior Provincial Junta, under date of the 27th current, among other information the following:

"Our battalion with two cannon, and a few cavalry, set off for the great road of Madrid, to obstruct excursions of the enemy's soldiers from Guadalaxara, made for the purpose of plundering the people of the vicinity. The his movement of our troops has already produced the most happy effects.—The people of the territory of Siguenza, and province of Guadalaxara, who had been degraded by the tyrannical domination of the French, have risen, and refused obedience to the orders of the French governor; his written orders have been publicly burnt in the market at Siguenza, by the city crier. A portion of our armed countrymen have proceeded to Rio Frio, and have already taken 52 carriages loaded with wool, proceeding to France. Our battalion is encouraging the insurrection which increases among the neighboring peasantry, and will soon be such as no power of the troops of the tyrant of France can subdue."

Since the battle of Belchite [near Sarragossa, at which Blake was defeated, June 18,] a few deserters from the French have joined us, and some have also entered Gerona. The brave Somatenes continue to intercept the enemy's convoys and destroy the guards. The Spanish garrison of Gerona, and the inhabitants, have performed spirited sallies, and reaped much glory. All the artillery and mortars are constantly employed to defend the place.

Gen. Venegas has established his headquarters at Monzanuries. The army of Estremadura, is numerous, well disciplined, and has excellent cavalry. The army of La Mancha is not so numerous. The army of reserve consists of the Portuguese and English. It is reported that Venegas intends to attempt to penetrate to Aranjuez.

TARRAGONA, *June* 22.

By various accounts from the detachments of armed peasantry and soldiers from Figueras and Ampurdan, we learn, that on the 5th, 6th, and 7th inst. between S. Lorenzo de la Muga and Darnius, a corps of the enemy was attacked, and 100 men killed; and our loss was 1 killed and three wounded, in other attacks the enemy lost 110. A convoy of waggons from Figueras to Gerona, with ammunition for the French army, was attacked, and 6 of the waggons taken. On the 10th, 20 French waggons were taken and 20 prisoners made, 4 French soldiers were killed.

MANRESA, *June* 20.

The French continue the siege of Gerona; and the inhabitants defend it bravely. A successful sortie was made on the 8th, in which 200 were killed and as many wounded.

A letter from Malaga, dated June 21, says—"Business is rather dull, except to the Spanish colonies, which is brisk. There are no staves here at present, nor a single fish in the town. A cargo of staves might be sold at present for 140 to 150 dollars per M. and fish at 5 dollars per quintal on board. The latter will no doubt be fully supplied by the English, who have a superior quality and pay less duties."

BALTIMORE, *Sept.* 5.

Arrived, schr. Rosamond, Murdock, 27 days from Carthagena and 12 days from Havana. Left at Carthagena, 5th ultimo, schooner William and Eliza, for N. York in 8 days; the only American vessel there, the port shut against neutrals. At Havanna, schrs. Mary, Almeda, from Baltimore, just arrived; brig Actress, Harvey, for Baltimore, to sail same day; brig Female, Reed, of Baltimore, uncertain. Sailed in co. with several brigs, a schooner and ship, names unknown; passed ships Friendship, from Cork, and Piomingo, from Madeira, in the river.

Also, brig Inca, Mezick, 35 days from the Isle of Sylt, (mouth of the Eyder) ship Montesque, Wilson, got in safe from Philadelphia; ship Arab, of Salem, got on shore, lost cable and anchor, got off & was discharging; ship Sally of Boston, got on shore, received no damage; brig Ceres, of Salem, ashore, lost her cable & anchor, discharged two lighters, & got off. Ship Florida, Stubby, of Bath, got on shore, lost cables & anchors, repaired & sailed for the Baltic; schr. —, Page, from Beverly, detained by the Danes after entering the Eyder, captain under arrest until trial comes on; brig ——, Bartlet, of Plymouth, Mass. detained by the Danes after entering the Eyder, under arrest for trial; schr. Discovery, Ray, of Philadelphia, vessel and cargo lost 17th July, and crew saved. Capt. Ray is on board the Inca; ship Liberty, Kingston, stranded on the 18th July on the sands at the mouth of the Eyder, 300 bales of cotton, some rice and logwood saved.—13 sail of American vessels detained at Copenhagen. The Helvetius, Baush, of Philadelphia, began to discharge 23d July.—The captain of the ship Fabius, arrested and detained, as a prisoner of war, for being born in Ireland, 4 Americans condemned at Christiansand, Norway. The brig Little James, Weble, of ——, was lost, on Heligoland 14th July, cargo saved.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders in the Great Hunting-Creek Bridge Company, are hereby notified that another instalment of TEN DOLLARS on each share, is called for and must be paid to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of September next.

By order of the President and Directors,
John Hooff, *Treasurer.*
August 24—25.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8.

MARRIED, last evening, by the Rev. Dr. GIBSON, *John Douglass Simms*, Esq. Attorney at law, to Miss *Mary West*, eldest daughter of Roger West, Esq. deceased, both of this place.

The brig Hunter, Borrowdale, of this port was left at Port Royal, Martinique, the 2d August.

A letter has been received by a democratic house in this city, from their supercargo, dated Hamburg, 28th July, which is entirely silent about the reported victory of Bonaparte.

[*Balt. North American.*

By proclamation of governor Claiborne, on the 17th ultimo, militia patroles are again established in New Orleans. The patrole consists of a commissioned officer, and 25 non-commissioned and privates. The fine for non-attendance is 20 dollars, for an officer, and for a private 10.

Extract of a letter from a merchant at Norfolk, (Va.) to his correspondent in New-London, dated 20th August.

"In the paper of last evening, two ships are advertised for to load for England. A number of merchants are determined to load their ships and send them direct to England, giving the requisite bonds, which they will forfeit, and protest against the *President's Proclamation.* Mr. Tazewell, a gentleman much celebrated here for his law knowledge, has given his decided opinion that the proclamation is illegal."

IN COMMON COUNCIL,

September 4, 1809.

Ordered, That Charles M'Knight, Henry Nicholson and Daniel McLeod, be commissioners to hold an election in the second ward on Friday the 15th inst. at the Council Chamber, to elect a member of the Common Council for said ward, in the place of James M'Guire, resigned.

ADAM LYNN, c. c.

PUBLIC SALE.

Under a decree of the honorable the circuit court of the district of Columbia, held at Alexandria, the subscribers will expose to public sale at the coffee-house on the 10th day of next month, on a credit of sixty and ninety days,

An Undivided moiety of a rent of £ 131 18 per annum,

Payable for ever, charged on a lot of ground situated at the intersection of Wolfe and Union-streets, and extending southwardly along the west side of Union street one hundred and fifteen feet, and westwardly along the south side of Wolfe street sixty two feet six inches The payment of this rent is secured by valuable permament improvements on the lot.

And if from the sale of the above rent charge the sum required by the decree of the court cannot be raised—the subscribers will then proceed to sell, at the same place, and on the same credit—

One undivided seventh part of the reversion in fee,

Expectant on the death of Jane Roberdeau, widow of Daniel Roberdeau, deceased, in the following Lots, that is to say, one Lot on the east side of Water street between Wolfe and Wilke's streets, in front on Water-street 51 feet 3 inches, in depth 100 and 25 feet, and bounded on the north by an alley 4 feet wide.—On this lot is erected a handsome and convenient 3 story brick dwelling house with the usual out-houses And two other lots adjoining each other on the west side of Union-st. between Wolfe and Wilke-streets in front on Union-street forty one feet, in depth one hundred and twenty five feet.

R. I. Taylor.
Cuthbert Powell.
September 8. d30t

Fishing Utensils.

On SATURDAY, the 23d day of this present month, at 12 o'clock, will be sold, on a liberal credit, to the highest bidder, at the landing commonly called LEAR'S, in Fairfax county, Virginia, about 5 miles below Alexandria, TWO SEINES, in complete order, two complete BOATS, about one hundred STRIKING STANDS, and all other necessary untensils for the Fishing Business. Likewise the Landing for the ensuing season. Terms will be made known at the time of sale.

John Smith, & Co.
September 8. 2aw6t

☞ COTTON.

30 bales PRIME UPLAND COTTON for sale by the subscriber, at a very moderate price and on a liberal credit.

Joseh H. Mandeville.
June 1.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next, will be sold, at the Vendue Store,

A number of valuable Medical Books.

A list of them may be seen by calling at the store.

P. G. Marsteller.
September 8.

ALEXANDRIA THEATRE.

ON SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 8,
WILL BE PRESENTED,
A CELEBRATED PLAY IN FIVE ACTS,
CALLED,

WHICH IS THE MAN?

WRITTEN BY MRS. COWLEY.

Lord Sparkle,	Mr. Downie.
Fitzherbert,	Warren.
Beauchamp,	Cone
Belville,	M'Kenzie.
Bobby Pendragon,	Jefferson
Gentlemen,	Messrs. Jacobs, Wilmot, Miller, &c.
Servant to Belville,	Harris.
Lady Bell Bloomer,	Mrs. Wilmot.
Julia,	Wood.
Sophy Pendragon,	Francis.
Clarinda,	Jefferson.
Kitty,	Miss Petit
Tiffany,	Mrs Jacobs.
Mrs. Johnson,	Mrs. Petit, &c.
Ladies,	Seymour.

To which will be added
A new Melo-drama, (never performed here) written by the author of the Road to Ruin,
CALLED,

The Lady of the Rock.

The Overture and Music by Mr. Reinagle.

Lord Maclean,	Mr. Cone.
Dugald,	Downie.
Campbell,	M'Kenzie.
Argyle,	Jacobs
Fisherman,	Jefferson.
Sandy,	Harris.
Andrew,	Master Scrivener.
Patrick,	Miller.
Murdoch,	Briers.
Lady Maclean, (lady of the Rock)	Mrs Wilmot.
Jane, (daughter of Lord Maclean)	Jacobs.
Moggy,	Seymour.

In act 2d. will be performed by the Orchestra, the celebrated
Scotch Battle MUSIC, called the Piebrach,
For the assembling the Clans of the Campbells and Macleans.

Act 2d. Scene 3d. A view of the Sea: almost total darkness; rains and peals of thunder at intervals, preceded by flashes of lightning, by the light of which the Lady is discovered on the Rock, wringing her hands and waving her handkerchief; after some time a Fisherman and his Son are seen by lightning at sea endeavoring to gain the rock, but seemingly in vain, the storm encreases, and the boat appears to be overwhelmed by the waves.

Scene 4th. The Highlands Gathering;—that is, the sounding to arms is heard in many places; men quickly appear on the mountains clothed in the Scotch costume. The different clans of the Campbells and the Macleans collect, and gradually encrease in numbers. The Piebrach, or warlike music, appertaining to each clan, is played as they seperately march.

Mock Funeral of Lady Maclean. Both parties prepare for the assault Lady Maclean enters, her Lord receives her in his arms. Both parties sheathe their swords and become friends.

☞ Box one dollar—Pitt three quarters of a dollar—Gallery half a dollar—Children's Tickets to the Boxes half a dollar

*** Tickets to be had at the office of Mr. Snowden.

††† Doors will open at six—curtain rise a quarter before seven o'clock.

Public Sale.

PURSUANT to a decree of the honorable the United States circuit court for the district of Columbia, sitting in Alexandria, on Saturday, the seventh day of OCTOBER next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, I shall sell, on the premises, at public vendue, for ready money, to the highest bidder those four adjoining Lots, or pieces of ground as distinguished on a plan thereof in my hands, by the numbers 4, 5, 6 and 7, lying on the west side of Royal street and north of Wolfe-street extending from the intersection of said streets and binding therewith 100 feet on Royal street and 99 feet 8 inches on Wolfe street.

Colin Auld, *Commr.*
August 31, 2awts

☞ *Printing in all its variety neatly executed at this office.*

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders in the Washington and Alexandria Turnpike Company are hereby informed, that a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. is declared on the Capital Stock of the said Company for the half year ending the fourth instant, and will be ready to be paid to them or their legal representatives, at the Bank o Potomac, on TUESDAY next.

By order of the Board,

G. DENEALE, President.

September 6.

District of Columbia,

COUNTY OF ALEXANDRIA—to wit.

July Term, 1809.

Charles and John Korn, *complainants*, AGAINST Tan Borchd. Hueck & Holthuson & Cox, *defendants*, } *In Chancery*

The defendant, Tan Borchd. Hueck, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that he is not an inhabitant of this district—on motion of the said complainants by their counsel, it is ordered, That the said defendant do appear here on the first day of November term next, and answer the plaintiffs' bill, and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

A copy—Test,

G. Deneale, c. c.

August 28. law2m

ORPHAN'S COURT,

Alexandria County, Sept. Term, 1809.

ORDERED,

That the Executor of Charles Wadsworth, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times a week for six weeks in the *Alexandria Daily Gazette*.

Test.

ALEXANDER MOORE, *Reg.*

THIS *is to give notice*, That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of CHARLES WADSWORTH late of the county aforesaid, merchant, dec'd. all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 5th day of March next or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 6th day of September, 1809.

James Patton, *Ex'r.*

September 6. eo6w

Joseph Mandeville,

CORNER OF KING and FAIRFAX STREETS, ALEXANDRIA:

Has received a considerable addition to his Stock,

AND OFFERS FOR SALE,

20 hogsheads, } 1st and 2d quality
20 barrels } *Muscovado Sugars.*
7000 lb. Green Coffee
3 1-2 tons British Patent Shot, assorted BB t No. 9.
10 bales Cotton.
10 casks first quality Goshen Cheese.
40 boxes Mould Candles.
15 bags clean heavy Pepper.
50 lb. Nutmegs.
casks London refined Saltpetre.
5 ditto Irish Glue.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, and Padre Souchong Teas, in quarter chests, boxes and cannisters—most of which are equal in quality to any ever imported.

Madeira, Port, Marsala, Sherry, Lisbon, Tenerriffe, and Malaga Wines.

A few cases Medoc Claret.

Jamaica, Windward-Island, and Northet Rum.

Cognac, Bordeaux and Pech Brandy.

Holland and Country Gin.

Irish and Country Whiskey.

Six hogsheads Cherry Bounce.

Retailing Molasses, Havanna Honey,

Wine and Cider Vinegar.

Best Florence Oil in bottles and flasks.

Loaf and Lump Sugars, Chocolate, Rice Pearl & Common Barley, Basket Salt, Starch Fig Blue, Indigo, Mace, Cloves, Cassia, Pimento, Race and Ground Ginger, Cayenne Pepper, Capers, Mustard, Raisins, Almonds Currants, Madder, Allum, Copperas, Roll Brimstone, Chalk, British and Brandywine Gunpowder, Spanish Segars, Cavendish and Small Twist Chewing Tobacco, Leiper's Garrett's, and Hamilton's Snuff, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Playing Cards, Bed Cords a ling Lines, &c. &c.

October 18.

☞ *Printing in all its variety neatly executed at this office.*

Scheme of a Lottery,

For founding a COLLEGE *in Baltimore.*

2 prizes o	20,000	is	40,000
3	10,000		30,000
3	5,000		15,000
3	2,500		5,000
10	1,000		10,000
15	500		7,500
20	200		4,000
50	100		5,000
100	50		5,000
200	20		4,000
3500	15		52,500
3500	12		42,000

7405 Prizes. 14595 Blanks. } Not two to a Prize,

Of the above Prizes the following are stationary:

First drawn Ticket			500
First do. after	1000	Tickets	500
First do.	2000		500
First do.	3000		500
First do.	4000		500
First do.	5000		500
First do.	6000		500
First do.	7000		500
First do.	8000		500
First do.	9000		500
First do.	10000		500
First do.	11000		1000
First do.	12000		1000
First do.	13000		5000
First do.	14000		1000
First do.	15000		1000
First do.	16000		10000
First do.	17000		1000
First do.	18000		1000
First do.	19000		1000
First do.	20000		1000
First do.	21000		1000
Last drawn Ticket			1000

The above Lottery commences drawing on the first Monday in November next, and will be continued regulary at the rate of fifteen hundred tickets each week until finished.—prizes in the late New-York and Baltimore lotteries, taken in payment for tickets in his.

A correct list of the drawing will be received two or three times a week, and all tickets sold by the subscriber examined free of expence.

Present price of tickets, Ten Dollars Fifty Cents; but will in a few days be raised to Eleven Dollars—

For sale by

Robert Gray.

August 8.

Afurther Proof

OF

Yarwood's useful Washing Machine.

We the subscribers have found, on trial, Joseph Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine to answer fully the intended purpose of washing cloaths of every description, and do heredy recommend them to the public as a great saving of soap, labor and cloaths. Given under our hands this day of June, 1809.

(Signed)

Dorothea Krouse, Cathinder Calder, Ann M'Carren, Martha Abercrombie, Ruth Devon, Rebecca Hattersley, Valinda Brown, Elizabeth Black, Jane B. Swann, H. Dick, Susanna Rounsaville, Elizabeth Wilson, Elizabeth Snyder, Nancy Kell, Sarah Kelsenger, Margaret B. Manley, Mary Fendall, Mary Steel, Sarah Fitzhugh, Mary Duffey, Persia Hodgkin, Carolina Hopkins, Sarah B. M'Kenay, Elizabeth Muir, Polly Rhoades, Elizabeth Longden, Ann Snowden, Ann Davies, Mary Bogan, Mary Slade, Betsey Furner, Mary Smith, Sarah G. Janney.

With pleasure I do return my sincere thanks to the above named ladies, and many others who have favored me with their certificates and custom in the purchase of Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine. I find them still in great demand in this place, but finding a very great scarcity of plank to answer the purpose of making them here, I shall in a few days or weeks commence making them to the southward. But will endeavor to supply others at a short notice after my return. I have a few now made on hand, which can be had if applied for soon.

Wm. C. Newton,

Assignee of Joseph Yarwood.

July 24.

N. B. Mr. John Troup will superintend the making, and supplying customers in my absence.

WM. C. NEWTON.

DIRECTIONS HOW TO USE *YARWOOD'S* Patent Washing Machine.

First fill the barrel half full of your finest cloths, than fill the bottom of the Reservoir with hot suds up to the side planks, turn the Crank backwards and forwards so as to make the cloaths fall the hardest against the sides of the barrel for about twenty-five minutes, then use the same suds with a little more soap and hot water for the next finest cloaths, until the suds are unfit for use, then second your cloaths in the same way with boiling suds, after rubbing a little soap on the dirtiest parts of the cloaths; then rince them in the machine in warm or cold water.

JUST RECEIVED,

For sale ONLY by JAMES KENNEDY, sen.

King street,

The following highly valuable Medicines,

Price 3 dollars per bottle.

Dr. Jebb's Nature's Restorative

A BALSAMIC CORDIAL.

THIS cordial so justly celebrated throughout Great-Britain and the continent of Europe, for its superior efficacy in the curing all disorders excited by nervous irritability, as well as in complaints of complete debility, whether arising from irregularities of living long continued residence in warm climates intemperate pursuits of excessive pleasure, or that destructive habit of inconsiderate youth which brings on so prematurely the infirmiest of old age.

In removing pulmonary affections, asthmas and all disorders of the lungs, it is the most powerful remedy ever yet found, and the relief it has afforded even in the last stage of consumptions, is without a parallel; with regard to its efficacy in this baneful, and unfortunately the prevailing disorder in this country (consumption) its superiority is such as to have supplanted every other medicine.

Those who in advanced life feel the consequences of youthful excess, will find themselves restored to health and strength, and all those melancholy symptoms removed, which are the general effects of such causes.

In short, animated by the uniform success this invaluable cordial has experienced in Europe, the thousands it has renovated, when bending under the pressure of nervous, consumptive or hypochondriacal disorders (many ttested proofs of which from eminently distinguished persons in this quarter of the globe, are now in the possession of the proprietor here, some few of which are herein published have determined the introduction of it into this continent, where its efficacies must soon become so prized as to make it considered a beneficent remedy not to be dispensed with bly those who are anxious to preserve or acquire their health.

The chief ingredient of this cordial is a pant whose rare and precious salutary virtues were well known to the Arabians during the 8th and 9th centuries, when that people shone conspicuous over all the nations of the world for their learning and skill in eradicating baneful diseases incident to the human frame, renovating infirmity to vigor, and restoring the sickly to sound and rosy health, and which, as known at this time by their descendants, and used and experienced as the most sovereign remedy for decayed constitutions, and every species of nervous disorders. This celebrated restorative plant has also been highly estimated for ages past, amongst the most enlightened nations of Greece, and considered by those wise inhabitants as one of the first of their blessings.

This cordial is also rich and fine in flavor most grateful to the palate, and the most enlivening to the spirits of any yet offered to th public

ALSO,

Dr. Tissot's celebrated Gout and Rheumatic Drops

(Price, Two Dollars per bottle.)

NOTHING is of more importance that the preservation of health—this common lacep remark however is TOO OFTEN FORGOTTEN whilst we are active and strong—and prevention of pain, which is superior to its cure, is not sufficiently attended to by any description of persons. Among those disorders which require the most early and unremitting efforts to eradicate and overcome, none have a stronger claim upon our notice than the Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Weakness of the Joints, Sprains, Gleets, the Stone and Gravel, the Cramp and every species of Rheumatic Pains from whatever cause they may have originated—and hence every relief which can be administered is too valuable to be forgotten.—Those persons whose avocations peculiarly expose them to colds, &c. cannot be too anxious always to possess immediate aid. Sea-faring persons, travellers, &c. ought constantly to carry with them that medicine which will counteract the unpleasans effects of their perilous duties, and especially those pains to which their situation must expose them. To those who reside in or visit the West-Indies, and ther warm climates, they will be found upon trial to convey the most lasting service and will gradually destroy all tendency to disease in the human frame, and preserve health and vigor. Although a great variety of prescriptions have been published to cure the disorders enumerated above, none has yet equalled the GOUT AND RHEUMATIC DROPS of DR. TISSOT, which are celebrated throughout the European continent, and whose unbounded benefits are fully authenticated by certificates already published of gentlemen so well known in America, being of the first consequence in the state of Maryland: General Charles Ridgely, of Hampton; John Gibson, Esq. one of the directors of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland; John Macubbin, Esq. Mrs. Macubbin, his wife; and Mrs. Ryan, of Calton.

Ample certificates and affidavits of the beneficial effects of these medicines may be seen by applying as above.

March 1

Land for Sale.

GREAT BARGAIN.

I will sell from about fifty to sixty acres of Land lying in this county, and binding upon the road now opening from Geo. Town to Alexandria. This land is elegantly situated in point of building scites, and has the further advantage of being furnished with delightful water, and from its high elevated situation the benefit of the most salubrious air. If necessary this property will be laid out in lots so as to suit those who may be inclined to purchase. Applications to be made to JOHN LUKE, Esq or to

Charles Alexander,

(Son of P. deceased.)

Alexandria County, July 19.

FOR SALE,

The following VALUABLE PROPERTY.

A TRACT OF LAND,

CONTAINING 1600 acres, more or less, called and known by the name of Buffaloe Marsh, lying within 12 miles of Winchester, in the county of Frederick, in the state of Virginia. On about 900 acres of this tract there are several very well improved farms tenanted for life or lives, the balance free of all incumbrance, including an excellent merchant mill built with stone, the whole yielding an annual rent of about 800 dollars. Much of this tract is very fertile, well watered, and all abundance of timber. It is generally rolling, but part of it is hilly and stoney, chiefly of lime stone. It will be laid off to suit purchasers.

Another tract, called Hollis's Marsh, lying in the county of Westmoreland containg about 2800 acres, bordering on the river Potomac, adjoining the Stratford estate, and the late residence of Richard Lee, esq. of Chantilly. On the estate are a number of farms and tenants at will. Part of this land is extremely fertile, and all of it as good as the lands generally are in that part of the country. The Marsh affords excellent range for stock, and is happily situated for fish and fowls of which that river abounds, and must be a desirable estate to any person who may choose to reside in that part of the country.—It will however be laid off to suit purchasers.

The above lands are held by deeds of purchase duly recorded in the general court,

Another tract containing 992 acres, lying in the county of Berkeley, adjoining the residence of Rawleigh Colston, esq. of which about 660 acres is leased for the balance of the life of an aged man, the rest tenanted at will. This land is situate in what is called the big bend of Potomac, and borders on it. In point of fertility it is esteemed inferior to none in that part of the state and is held by deed from James Marshall, esq.

Seven other tracts containing 1000 acres each, adjoining each other in the county of Mason, within a few miles of the Ohio, between the two Kanhawa's on the waters of Sandy Creek, which runs through a considerable part of it. It adjoins the lands of general Washington, and the late Benjamin Harrison, jun esq. A large portion of it is rich bottom and the upland of very good quality. It is held under the original patentee by deeds duly recorded in the general court.

Five full & complete Shares in the Dismal Swamp Company.

Upwards of 16,000 acres of Lands, being very old military rights, lying in the states of Ohio, Kentucky and the Indiana territory, chiefly patented in my own name and ready to be shewn.

A more particular description of the foregoing property may be seen by applying to Mr. Thomas Taylor, of Richmond, who is authorized to make contracts, or to myself in Alexandria. The titles are all undoubted, and the terms proposed are, one fourth in cash at the time of conveyance, the balance in three instalments, the last two to be on interest from the date. Any species of the public stock and of the different Banks in the United States of Insurance Companies—of the Potomac Bridge and Turnpike Companies will be received in payment according to their fair value. Ground rents in the city of Richmond and town of Alexandria, or Houses and Lots, will likewise be received in payment according to such rates as may be agreed upon.

John Hopkins.

July 27. 2aw6m

TO RENT,

TWO STORES, on King-street, & three on Royal-street, with good cellars under the whole—they will be let together or separate as may best suit those who wish to occupy them, as they may be all connected together a family may be conveniently accommodated—the stands are equal if not superior to any in the town.

ALSO,

A convenient DWELLING HOUSE, on St. Asaph-street, between Duke and Princess streets. This situation is healthy, with a good garden and well of good water in the yard.—For further particulars apply to WILLIAM M'KNIGHT, or at M'KNIGHT and STEWART'S store, corner of Fairfax and King-streets.

eo6tJAN

May 20.